

- Optical front communication port (ANSI type 2)
- Up to one RS232 and RS485 port (on request)
- Communication protocol: MODBUS-RTU
- MODBUS TCP/IP Ethernet port (on request)
- BACnet-IP over Ethernet port (on request)
- BACnet MS/TP over RS485, BTL approved (on request)
- Profibus DP V0 port, PROFIBUS Nutzerorganisation e.V. approved (on request)
- Up to 6 digital inputs for tariff selection, "dmd" synch, gas/water (hot-cold) and remote heating metering (on request)
- Up to 8 static outputs (pulse, alarm, remote control) (on request)
- Up to 6 relay outputs (pulse, alarm, remote control) (on request)
- Up to 16 freely configurable alarms with OR/AND logic linkable with up to either 4 relay outputs or up to 6 static outputs (on request)
- Up to 4 analogue outputs (+20mA, +10VDC) (on request)
- Class 0.5S (kWh) according to EN62053-22
- Class 2 (kvarh) according to EN62053-23
- Accuracy $\pm 0.2 \%$ RDG (current/voltage)
- Instantaneous variables readout: 4x4 DGT
- Energies readout: 9+1 DGT
- System variables: VLL, VLN, A, VA, W, var, PF, Hz, phase-sequence, phase-asymmetry and phaseloss.
- Single phase variables: VLL, VLN, AL, An (calculated or real depending on the option), VA, W, var, PF
- Both system and singles phase variables with average, max and min calculation
- Direct neutral current measurement (on request)
- Harmonic analysis (FFT) up to the 32nd harmonic (current and voltage) with harmonics source detection (imported/exported, only via serial port)
- Energy measurements (imported/exported): total and partial kWh and kvarh (inductive and capacitive) or based on 6 different tariffs (on request)
- Energy measurements according to ANSI C12.20, CA 0.5, ANSI C12.1
- Gas, cold water, hot water, remote heating measurements (on request)
- Run hours counter (8+2 DGT)
- Real time clock function
- Data stamping of up to 10,000 events: alarm, min, max, digital input status, digital output status, resets, programming changing (on request)
- Application adaptable display and programming procedure (Easyprog function)
- Universal power supply:

24-48 VDC/AC, 100-240 VDC/AC

- Front dimensions: $96 \times 96 \mathrm{~mm}$
- Front protection degree: IP65, NEMA4x, NEMA12


## Product Description

Three-phase smart power analyzer with built-in application configuration system and LCD data displaying. Particularly recommended for the measurement of the main electrical variables.
WM40 is based on a modular housing for panel mounting with IP65 (front) protection degree. Moreover the analyzer can be provided with digital outputs that can be either for pulse proportional to the active and reactive total, partial and tariff energy being measured or/and for alarm outputs.

The instrument is equipped with optical communication port, further I/O's such as: RS485/RS232, Ethernet, BACnet-IP, BACnet MS/TP or Profibus DP V0 communication ports, pulse and alarm outputs and 6 digital inputs or analogue outputs are available on request. Parameters programming and data reading can be easily performed by means of UCS (Universal Configuration Software).

## CARLO GAVAZZI

How to order
Model
Range code
System
Power Supply
A Inputs/Outputs
B Inputs/Outputs
Communication and data
Option
Type Selection

Range codes

AV4: $3 \times 220$ (380)..
$3 \times 400(690) \mathrm{V} 1(2) \mathrm{A}$
Vin: 220 to 400
VLı: 380 to 690
AV5: 3x220(380)...
$3 \times 400(690) \mathrm{V} 5(6) \mathrm{A}$
$V_{\text {Ln: }} 220$ to 400
VLL: 380 to 690
AV6: $3 \times 57.7(100)$..
3x133(230)V 5(6)A
$V_{\text {Ln: }} 57.7$ to 133
VLL: 100 to 230
AV7: $3 \times 57.7(100)$..
$3 \times 133(230) \mathrm{V}$ 1(2)A
$V_{\text {Ln: }} 57.7$ to 133
Vㄴ.: 100 to 230

## B Inputs/Outputs

XX: none
A2: Dual channel 20mADC output
V2: Dual channel 10VDC output
TP: One temperature and one process signal input
CT: Direct neutral current measurement + One temperature and one process signal input

## System

3: balanced and unbalanced load: 3-phase, 4-wire; 3-phase, 3-wire; 2-phase, 3-wire; 1-phase, 2-wire

## Communication and data S .

XX: none
S1: RS485/RS232 port
S3: RS485/RS232 port with data stamping
E2: Ethernet / Internet port
E3: Ethernet / Internet port with data stamping
B1: BACnet (IP) over Ethernet
B2: BACnet (IP) over Ethernet with data stamping
B3: BACnet (MS/TP) over RS485
B4: BACnet (MS/TP) over RS485 with data stamping
P1: Profibus DP/V0 port
P2: Profibus DP/V0 port with data stamping

Power supply
H: $\quad 100-240+/-10 \%$ (90 to 255) VDC/AC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ )
L: 24-48 +/-15\%
(20 to 55) VDC/AC
( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ )

## Options

XX: none

## A Inputs/Outputs

XX: none
R2: Dual channel relay output
O2: Dual channel static output
A2: Dual channel 20mADC output
V2: Dual channel 10VDC output
R4: Advanced six channel digital inputs + four channel relay outputs + OR/AND alarm logic management
06: Advanced six channel digital inputs + six channel static outputs + OR/AND alarm logic management

## Position of modules and combination

| Ref | Description | Main features | Part number | Pos. A | Pos. B | Pos. C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | WM40 base provided with display, power supply, measuring inputs, optical front communication port. | - Inputs/system: AV5.3 <br> - Power supply: H | WM40 AV5 3 H |  |  |  |
| 2 |  | - Inputs/system: AV6.3 <br> - Power supply: H | WM40 AV6 3 H |  |  |  |
| 3 |  | - Inputs/system: AV4.3 <br> - Power supply: H | WM40 AV4 3 H |  |  |  |
| 4 |  | - Inputs/system: AV7.3 <br> - Power supply: H | WM40 AV7 3 H |  |  |  |
| 5 |  | - Inputs/system: AV5.3 <br> - Power supply: L | WM40 AV5 3 L |  |  |  |
| 6 |  | - Inputs/system: AV6.3 <br> - Power supply: L | WM40 AV6 3 L |  |  |  |
| 7 |  | - Inputs/system: AV4.3 <br> - Power supply: L | WM40 AV4 3 L |  |  |  |
| 8 |  | - Inputs/system: AV7.3 <br> - Power supply: L | WM40 AV7 3 L |  |  |  |
| 9 | Dual relay output (SPST) | - 2-channel <br> - Alarm or/and pulse output | M O R2 | X |  |  |
| 10 | Dual static output (AC/DC Opto-Mos) | - 2-channel <br> - Alarm or/and pulse output | M 002 | X |  |  |
| 11 | Dual analogue output (+20mADC) | - 2-channel | M O A2 | X | X |  |
| 12 | Dual analogue output (+10VDC) | - 2-channel | M O V2 | X | X |  |
| 13 | RS485 / RS232 port module | - Max. 115.2 Kbps | M C 485232 |  |  | X |
| 14 | Ethernet/TCP IP port module | - RJ45 10/100 BaseT | M C ETH |  |  | X |
| 15 | BACnet-IP port module | - Based on Ethernet bus | MCBACIP |  |  | X |
| 16 | BACnet MS/TP port module | - Over RS485 | MCBACMS |  |  | X |
| 17 | BACnet MS/TP port module | - Over RS485 <br> - Data Stamping | MCBACMSM |  |  | X |
| 18 | Combined digital inputs and Relay outputs (SPST) | - 6-input channels <br> - 4-output channels <br> - Complex tariff management <br> - OR/AND logic management | M F I6R4 |  | X |  |
| 19 | Combined digital inputs and Static outputs (AC/DC Opto-Mos) | - 6-input channels <br> - 6-output channels <br> - Complex tariff management. <br> - OR/AND logic management | M F 1606 |  | X |  |
| 20 | RS485 / RS232 port module with integrated Memory | - Max. 115.2 Kbps <br> - Data stamping | MC485 232 M |  |  | X |
| 21 | Ethernet port module with integrated Memory | - RJ45 10/100 BaseT <br> - Data Stamping | M C ETH M |  |  | X |
| 22 | BACnet over IP port module with integrated Memory | - Based on Ethernet bus <br> - Data Stamping | M C BAC IP M |  |  | X |
| 23 | Temperature + Process signal measurements $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | - "Pt" type input <br> - 20mA input | M A T P |  | X |  |
| 24 | Direct neutral current measurement + Temperature + Process signal measurements ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) | - As above + signal input like a common current input (CT ratio etc.) | MATPN |  | X |  |
| 25 | Profibus module | - $\quad$Profibus DP V0 <br> - <br> Over RS485 | M C P B |  |  | X |
| 26 | Profibus module with integrated memory | Profibus DP V0 <br> Over RS485 <br> Data stamping | M C P B M |  |  | X |

NOTE: The position of the modules shall respect the sequence A-B-C. Possible arrangements are $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{M}-\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{M}-\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{M}-\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{M}-\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{M}-\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{M}-\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{C}$ and $\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{C}$ where " M " is the basic module (WM40-96).

It is possible to use the WM40-96 without any additional module as a simple indicator.


## CARLO GAVAZZI

## Input specifications

| Rated inputs | System type: 1, 2 or | Reactive power | From 0.02In to |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3-phase |  | $0.05 \mathrm{In}, \operatorname{sen} \varphi 1:$ |
| Current type | Galvanic insulation by |  | $\pm(1.5 \%$ RDG +1 DGT) |
| Current range (by CT) | AV5 and AV6: 5(6)A |  | om 0.05In to Imax, sen $\varphi$ |
|  | AV4 and AV7: 1(2)A |  | From 0.05 In to |
| Voltage (by direct connection or VT/PT) |  |  | $0.1 \mathrm{In}, \operatorname{sen} \varphi 0.5 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{C}$ : <br> $\pm(1.5 \% R D G+1$ DGT) |
|  | AV4, AV5: $3 \times 220$ (380)... $3 \times 400$ (690) V; |  | From 0.1In to Imax, $\operatorname{sen} \varphi$ 0.5 L/C: $\pm(1 \% R D G+1 D G T)$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AV6, AV7: } 3 \times 57.7(100) \ldots \\ & 3 \times 133(230) \vee \end{aligned}$ | Active energy | Class 0.5 S according to EN62053-22, ANSI |
| Accuracy (Display + RS485) (@23 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, R.H. $\leq 60 \%$ ) |  |  | C12.20. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01 \mathrm{In}=0.05 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{AV} 5, \mathrm{AV6}- \\ & \mathrm{kWh}, \mathrm{PF}=1) \end{aligned}$ | Reactive energy | Class 2 according to EN62053-23, ANSI C12.1. |
|  | $0.01 \mathrm{ln}=0.01 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{AV} 4, \mathrm{AV} 7$ - | Start up current AV5, AV6 | 5 mA |
|  | kWh, $\mathrm{PF}=1$ ) | Start up current AV4, AV7 | 1 mA |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.05 \mathrm{In}=0.25 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{AV} 5, \mathrm{AV} 6- \\ & \mathrm{kWh}, \mathrm{PF}=1) \end{aligned}$ | Energy additional errors | According to EN62053-22, <br> ANSI C12.20, |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.05 \mathrm{In}=0.05 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{AV} 4, \mathrm{AV7}- \\ & \mathrm{kWh}, \mathrm{PF}=1) \end{aligned}$ | Influence quantities | according to EN62053-23, ANSI C12 1 |
|  | In: see below, Un: see below | Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) | $\pm 1 \%$ FS (FS: 100\%) |
| AV4 model | In: 1A, Imax: 2A; Un: 220 |  | AV4: Imin: 5mARMS; <br> Imax: 3A. Umin 30VRMS |
|  | to 400VLN (380 to 690VLL) |  | Umax: 679Vp |
| AV5 model | In: 5A, Imax: 6A; Un: 220 to 400 VLN ( 380 to 690 VLL ) |  | AV5: Imin: 5mARMS; Imax |
| AV6 model | In: 5A, Imax: 6A; Un: |  | 15Ap; Umin: 30VRMS; <br> Umax: 679Vp |
|  | 57.7 to 133 VLN (100 to 230VLL) |  | AV6: Imin: 5mARMS; Imax 15Ap. Umin 30VRMS. |
| AV7 model | In: 1A, Imax: 2A; Un: 57.7 to 133 VLN ( 100 to 230 VLL ) |  | 15Ap; Umin: 30VRMS; <br> Umax: 204Vp |
| Current AV4, AV5, AV6, AV7 models | From 0.01 In to 0.05 In : |  | AV7: Imin: 5mARMS; Imax 3A; Umin: 30VRMS; Umax: 204Vp |
|  | From 0.05In to Imax: $\pm(0.2 \%$ RDG $+2 \mathrm{DGT})$ | Total Demand Distortion (TDD) | $\pm 1 \%$ FS (FS: 100\%) Imin: 5mA RMS; Imax: 15Ap |
| Phase-neutral voltage | RDG +1DGT) | K-Factor and factor K | $\pm$ (0.5\%RDG+1DGT) |
| Phase-phase voltage | In the range Un: $\pm$ (0.5\% | Temperature drift | $\leq 200 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | RDG +1DGT) <br> Un - $20 \%$, Un +15\% | Sampling rate | 3200 samples/s @ 50Hz, 3840 samples/s @ 60Hz |
| Voltage tolerance <br> Frequency | $\text { RDG + } 1 \text { DGT), }$ | Measurements | See "List of the variables |
|  | From 65 to 340 Hz $\pm(0.05 \%$ RDG + 1 DGT). | Method | that can be connected to:" TRMS measurements of |
|  | From 340 to 440 Hz | Coupling type | distorted wave forms. <br> By means of CT's |
| Active and Apparent power | From 0.01In to 0.05In, PF | Crest factor | AV5, AV6: $\leq 3$ |
|  | 1: $\pm(1 \% \mathrm{RDG}+1 \mathrm{DGT})$ |  | (15A max. peak) |
|  | From 0.05In to Imax |  | AV4, AV7: $\leq 3$ |
|  | PF 0.5L, PF1, PF0.8C: |  | (3A max. peak) |
|  | $\pm(0.5 \%$ RDG +1 DGT ) |  |  |
| Power Factor | $\pm[0.001+0.5 \%$ (1.000 - "PF |  |  |
|  | RDG")] |  |  |

## Input specifications (cont.)

| Current Overloads |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Continuous (AV5 and AV6) | $6 A, @ 50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Continuous (AV4 and AV7) | 2A, @ $50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| For 500 ms (AV5 and AV6) | $120 \mathrm{~A}, @ 50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| For 500ms (AV4 and AV7) | $40 \mathrm{~A}, @ 50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Voltage Overloads |  |
| Continuous | 1.2 Un |
| For 500ms | 2 Un |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| Input impedance |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $400 \mathrm{VL}-\mathrm{L}(\mathrm{AV} 4$ and AV 5$)$ | $>1.6 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| $208 \mathrm{VL}-\mathrm{L}(\mathrm{AV6}$ and AV 7$)$ | $>1.6 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| $5(6) \mathrm{A}(\mathrm{AV5}$ and AV6) | $<0.2 \mathrm{VA}$ |
| $1(2) \mathrm{A}(\mathrm{AV} 4$ and AV7) | $<0.2 \mathrm{VA}$ |

Frequency $\quad 40$ to 440 Hz

## CARLO GAVAZZI

## Output specifications

| Relay outputs (M O R2) |  | Signal retransmission | Total: +kWh, -kWh, +kvarh, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical outputs | 2 (max. 1 module per instrument) |  | -kvarh. <br> Partial: +kWh, -kWh, |
| Purpose | For either alarm output or pulse output | Pulse type | +kvarh, -kvarh. |
| Type | Relay, SPST type <br> AC 1-5A @ 250VAC; AC <br> 15-1A @ 250VAC |  | to $10.00 \mathrm{kWh} / \mathrm{kvarh}$ per pulse. The above listed variables can be connected |
| Configuration | By means of the front keypad or UCS software | Pulse duration | to any output. <br> 30 ms (ON), $\geq 30 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Function | The outputs can work as alarm outputs but also |  | (OFF), according to EN62053-31 |
|  | as pulse outputs, remote controlled outputs, or in | Remote controlled outputs | The activation of the outputs is managed |
| Alarms | Up alarm and down alarm and windows alarm (in and out) linked to the virtual alarms, other details see Virtual alarms | Insulation | through the serial communication port See "Insulation between inputs and outputs" table |
|  |  | 20 mA analogue outputs (M O A2) |  |
| Min. response time | $\leq 200 \mathrm{~ms}$, filters excluded. <br> Set-point on-time delay: "0 s". | Number of outputs | 2 per module (max. 2 modules per instrument) |
| Pulse |  | Accuracy |  |
| Signal retransmis | Total: +kWh, -kWh, +kvarh, -kvarh. | (@ $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | $\pm 0.2 \%$ FS |
| Pulse type | Partial: +kWh, -kWh, | Range Configuration | By means of the front key- |
|  | Programmable from 0.001 to $10.00 \mathrm{kWh} / \mathrm{kvarh}$ per pulse. The above listed variables can be connected to any output. | Signal retransmission | pad or UCS software <br> The signal output can be connected to any instantaneous variable available in the table "List |
| Pulse duration | 30 ms (ON), $\geq 30 \mathrm{~ms}$ (OFF), according to EN62053-31 |  | connected to". <br> Programmable within |
| Remote controlled outputs | The activation of the outputs is managed through the serial communication port See "Insulation between inputs and outputs" table | Scaling fa | the whole range of retransmission. |
|  |  | Response time | $\leq 400 \mathrm{~ms}$ typical (filter excluded) |
| Insulation |  | Ripple | $\leq 1 \%$ (according to IEC 60688, EN 60688) |
| Static outputs (M O O2) | Opto-Mos type | Load | $\leq 600 \Omega$ |
| Physical outputs | 2 (max. 1 module per instrument) | Insulation | See "Insulation between inputs and outputs" table |
| Purpose | For either pulse output or alarm output | 10VDC analogue outputs (M O V2) |  |
| Signal | Von:2.5VAC/DC/max. 100 mA <br> Voff: 42VDC max. | Number of outputs | 2 per module (max. 2 modules per instrument) |
| Configuration | By means of the front keypad or UCS software | Accuracy <br> (@ $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | $\pm 0.2 \% \mathrm{FS}$ |
| Function | The outputs can work as alarm outputs but also as pulse outputs, remote controlled outputs, or in any other combination. | Range | 0 to 10 VDC |
|  |  | Configuration | By means of the front keypad or UCS software |
|  |  | Signal retransmission | The signal output can be connected to any |
| Alarms | Up alarm and down alarm linked to the virtual alarms, other details see Virtual alarms |  | instantaneous variable available in the table "List of the variables that can be connected to". |
| Min. response time | $\leq 200 \mathrm{~ms}$, filters excluded. Setpoint on-time delay: "0 s". | Scaling factor | Programmable within |
| Pulse |  |  |  |

## Output specifications (cont.)

|  | the whole range of retransmission. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Response time | $\leq 400 \mathrm{~ms}$ typical (filter excluded) |
| Ripple | $\leq 1 \%$ (according to IEC <br> 60688, EN 60688) |
| Total temperature drift | $\leq 350$ ppm/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Load | $\geq 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Insulation | See "Insulation between inputs and outputs" table |
| RS485 serial port (M C 485232 on request) |  |
| RS485 |  |
| Type | Multidrop, bidirectional (static and dynamic variables) |
| Connections | 2-wire |
|  | Max. distance 1000 m , termination directly on the module |
| Addresses | 247, selectable by means of the front key-pad |
| Protocol | MODBUS/JBUS (RTU) |
| Data (bidirectional) |  |
| Dynamic (reading only) | System and phase variables: see table "List of variables..." |
| Static (reading and writing only) | All the configuration parameters. |
| Data format | 1 start bit, 8 data bit, no/ even/odd parity, 1 stop bit |
| Baud-rate | Selectable: $9.6 \mathrm{k}, 19.2 \mathrm{k}$, $38.4 \mathrm{k}, 115.2 \mathrm{k} \mathrm{bit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Driver input capability | $1 / 5$ unit load. Maximum 160 transceivers on the same bus. |
| Note | With the rotary switch (on the back of the basic unit) in lock position the modification of the programming parameters and the reset command by means of the serial communication is not allowed. In this case just the data reading is allowed |
| Insulation | See "Insulation between inputs and outputs" table |
| RS232 port (on request) |  |
| Type | Bidirectional (static and dynamic variables) |
| Connections | 3 wires. Max. distance 15m |
| Protocol | MODBUS RTU /JBUS |
| Data (bidirectional) |  |
| Dynamic (reading only) | System and phase variables: see table "List of variables..." |
| Static (reading and writing only) | All the configuration parameters |
| Data format | 1 start bit, 8 data bit, no/ even/odd parity, 1 stop bit |
| Baud-rate | Selectable: 9.6k, 19.2k, |


| Note | $38.4 \mathrm{k}, 115.2 \mathrm{k} \mathrm{bit} / \mathrm{s}$ With the rotary switch (on the back of the basic unit) in lock position the modification of the programming parameters and the reset command by means of the serial communication is not allowed. In this case just the data reading is allowed |
| :---: | :---: |
| Insulation | See "Insulation between inputs and outputs" table |
| Module with data stamping and event recording memory |  |
| (M C 485232 M ) |  |
| Event stamping |  |
| Type of data | Alarm, min, max, digital input status, digital output status as remote control, resets. |
| Stamping format | Date (dd:MM:yy) and hour (hh:mm:ss) reference. |
| Number of events | Up to 10,000 |
| Data management type | FIFO |
| Data stamping |  |
| Type of data | Any measured variable can be stored in the memory. |
| Stamping format | Date (dd:MM:yy) and hour (hh:mm:ss) reference. |
| Number of variables | Up to 19 different type of variables can be stored. |
| Time interval | From 1 minute up to 60 minutes. |
| Data management type | FIFO |
| Memory type | Data flash |
| Ethernet/Internet port <br> (M C ETH on request) |  |
| Protocols | Modbus TCP/IP |
| IP configuration | Static IP / Netmask / Default gateway |
| Port | Selectable (default 502) |
| Client connections | Max 5 simultaneously |
| Connections | RJ45 10/100 BaseTX Max. distance 100 m |
| Data (bidirectional) |  |
| Dynamic (reading only) | System and phase variables: see table "List of variables..." |
| Static <br> (reading and writing only) | All the configuration parameters. |
| Note | With the rotary switch (on the back of the basic unit) in lock position the modification of the programming parameters and the reset command by means of the serial communication is not allowed. In this case just |

## Output specifications (cont.)



## Output specifications (cont.)



## Output specifications (cont.)

| and event recording memory (MCPBM) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Event stamping |  |
| Type of data | Alarm, min, max, digital input status, digital output status as remote control, resets. |
| Stamping format | Date (dd:MM:yy) and hour (hh:mm:ss) reference. |
| Number of events | Up to 10,000 |
| Data management type | FIFO |
| Data stamping |  |
| Type of data | Any measured variable can be stored in the memory. |
| Stamping format | Date (dd:MM:yy) and hour (hh:mm:ss) reference. |
| Number of variables | Up to 19 different type of variables can be stored. |
| Time interval | From 1 minute up to 60 minutes. |
| Data management type | FIFO |
| Memory type | Data flash |
| Approval | PROFIBUS <br> Nutzerorganisation e.V. |
| Relay Output and Digital |  |
| Input (M F I6 R4 on request) |  |
| Physical outputs | 4 (max. 1 module per instrument) |
| Purpose | For either pulse output or alarm output |
| Type | Relay, SPST type AC 1-5A @ 250VAC; AC 15-1A @ 250VAC |
| Configuration | Only by means of the programming software UCS. In this latter case using either the serial communication port or the front optical port. |
| Function | The outputs can work as advanced alarm outputs and as remote controlled outputs, or in any other combination. |
| Standard alarm modes | Up alarm, down and window alarm. There is also the possibility to remote the control of the outputs: the activation of the outputs is managed through the serial communication port (in this case the local alarms are disabled). |
| Advanced alarm modes | "OR" or "AND" or "OR+AND" functions (see "Alarm parameter and logic" page). Freely programmable on up to 16 |


| Controlled variables | alarms |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | The alarms can be connected to any variable available in the table "List of the variables that can be connected to" |
| Set-point adjustment | From 0 to $100 \%$ of the display scale |
| Hysteresis | From 0 to full scale |
| On-time delay 0 to 255 s |  |
| Output status | Selectable: normally de-energized or normally energized |
| Min. response time | $\leq 200 \mathrm{~ms}$, filters excluded. Set-point on-time delay: "0 s". |
| Digital inputs |  |
| Number of inputs | 6 (voltage-free contacts) |
| Purpose | Contact status reading. "dmd" measurements synchronisation and clock synchronisation. Energy tariff selection. Utility meter counters. Trip counter. Interfacing with external energy meters (+kWh, +kvarh, -kWh, -kvarh). |
| Input frequency | 20 Hz max, duty cycle 50\% |
| Prescaler adjustment | From 0.1 to $999.9 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ or kWh/pulse |
| Open Contact voltage | $\leq 3.3 \mathrm{VDC}$ |
| Closed Contact current | <1mADC |
| Contact resistance | $\leq 300 \Omega$ closed contact $\geq 50 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ open contact |
| Input voltage | 0 to 0.5VDC: LOW 2.4 to 25VDC: HIG |
| Working mode | - Total and partial energy meters (kWh and kvarh) without digital inputs; <br> - Total and partial energy meters (kWh and kvarh) managed by time periods (t1-t2-t3-t4-t5-t6), W dmd synchronisation (the synchronisation is made every time the tariff changes) and GAS ( $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ ) or WATER (hot/cold $/ \mathrm{m}^{3}$ ) or remote heating (kWh) meters; <br> - Total and partial energy meters (kWh and kvarh) managed by time periods (t1-t2), W dmd synchronisation (the synchronisation is made independently of the tariff selection) and GAS ( $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ ) or WATER (hot/cold $/ \mathrm{m}^{3}$ ) or remote heating (kWh) |

## Output specifications (cont.)

| Insulation | meters; <br> - Total energy (kWh, kvarh) and GAS, WATER (hot-cold $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ ) and remote heating meters ( 3 choices only). <br> - Remote alarm reset. <br> - Trip counter of installation protection. <br> - Direct measurements for the power quality analysis (LV or MV/HV connection); <br> - Indirect energy and power measurements by means of external energy meters (LV or MV/HV connection); <br> - Direct measurements for the instantaneous variables (LV connection) and indirect measurements for the energy variables (LV or MV/HV). <br> By means of opto-mos See "Insulation between inputs and outputs" table. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Opto-mos Output and Digital Input (M F I6 O6 on request) Static Outputs |  |
| Physical outputs | 6 (max. 1 module per instrument) |
| Purpose | For either pulse output or alarm output |
| Type of outputs | Opto-Mos |
| Signal | VON: $2.5 \mathrm{VDC} / \mathrm{max} .100 \mathrm{~mA}$ VOFF: 42VDC |
| Function | The outputs can work as pulse outputs, but also as alarm outputs, remote controlled outputs, or in any other combination. |
| Signal retransmission | Total: +kWh, -kWh, +kvarh, -kvarh. <br> Partial: +kWh, -kWh, <br> +kvarh, -kvarh <br> Tariff: $+\mathrm{kWh},-\mathrm{kWh},+k v a r h$, -kvarh. |
| Pulse type | Programmable from 0.001 to $10.00 \mathrm{kWh} / \mathrm{kvarh}$ per pulse. Outputs connectable to the energy meters ( kWh / kvarh) |
| Pulse duration | 30 ms (ON), $\geq 30 \mathrm{~ms}$ (OFF), according to EN62053-31 |
| Advanced tariff management |  |
| No. of tariffs | Up to 6 |
| No. of total energies | Up to 4 (+kWh, -kWh, |


| Data format | +kvarh, -kvarh) <br> 9-DGT for Total and partial/tariff, gas and water metering. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Digital inputs |  |
| Number of inputs | 6 (voltage-free contacts) |
| Purpose | Contact status reading. "dmd" measurements |
|  | synchronisation and clock |
|  | synchronisation. Energy |
|  | tariff selection. Utility meter counters. Trip counter. |
|  | Remote input. Interfacing with external energy meters (+kWh, +kvarh, $-k W h, ~-k v a r h)$. |
| Input frequency | 20 Hz max, duty cycle $50 \%$ |
| Prescaler adjustment | From 0.1 to $999.9 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ or |
|  | kWh/pulse |
| Open Contact voltage | $\leq 3.3 \mathrm{VDC}$ |
| Closed Contact current | <1mADC |
| Contact resistance | $\leq 300 \Omega$ closed contact |
|  | $\geq 50 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ open contact |
| Input voltage | 0 to 0.5VDC LOW |
|  | 2.4 to 25VDC HIG |
| Working mode | - Total and partial energy meters (kWh and kvarh) |
|  | without digital inputs; |
|  | - Total and partial energy |
|  | meters (kWh and kvarh) |
|  | managed by time periods |
|  | (t1-t2-t3-t4-t5-t6), W |
|  | dmd synchronisation |
|  | (the synchronisation is |
|  | made every time the tariff |
|  | changes) and GAS ( $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ ) |
|  | or WATER (hot/cold $/ \mathrm{m}^{3}$ ) |
|  | or remote heating (kWh) |
|  | meters; |
|  | - Total and partial |
|  | energy meters (kWh |
|  | and kvarh) managed by |
|  | time periods ( $\mathrm{t} 1-\mathrm{t} 2$ ), W |
|  | dmd synchronisation (the |
|  | synchronisation is made |
|  | independently of the tariff |
|  | selection) and GAS ( $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ ) |
|  | or WATER ( $\mathrm{hot} / \mathrm{cold} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ ) |
|  | or remote heating (kWh) |
|  | meters; |
|  |  |
|  | kvarh) and GAS, WATER |
|  | (hot-cold $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ ) and remote |
|  | heating meters (3 choices |
|  | only). |
|  | - Remote alarm reset. |
|  | - Remote input channel |
|  | status. |
|  | - Trip counter of installation |

## Output specifications (cont.)



Temperature input characteristics

| Probe | Range | Accuracy | Min Indication | Max Indication |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pt100 | $-60.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm(0.5 \%$ RDG $+5 \mathrm{DGT})$ | -60.0 | +300.0 |
| Pt100 | $-76^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+572^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $\pm(0.5 \%$ RDG $+5 \mathrm{DGT})$ | -76.0 | +572.0 |
| Pt1000 | $-6.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm(0.5 \% R D G+5 \mathrm{DGT})$ | -60.0 | +300.0 |
| Pt1000 | $-76^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+572^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $\pm(0.5 \% \mathrm{RDG}+5 \mathrm{DGT})$ | -76.0 | +572.0 |

## Tariff energy meters and time period management

NOTE: only in case of M F I6 R4 and M F I6 O6 modules.

| Meters |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total | 4 (up to 10 digit) |
| Partial | 72 (up to 10 digit) |
| Tariffs | Up to 6 |
| Time periods | Up to 3 year |
| Pulse output | Connectable to total and/or partial meters |
| Storage | Consumption history by storing the monthly energy meters (12 previous months) into the EEPROM. Storage of total and partial energy meters. Energy meter storage format (EEPROM) Min. -9,999,999,999 kWh/kvarh Max. 9,999,999,999 kWh/ kvarh |
| Energy Meters | Base on digital inputs and clock management |
| "Total" energy meters | +kWh, +kvarh, -kWh, -kvarh. |
| "Standard Period" energy meters | Up to 2 ("P1" and "P2") which can be set by month and year each. |

$\left.\begin{array}{ll}\text { "Holiday Period" energy meters } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Up to } 10 \text { ("H1 ... H10"). } \\ \text { As per standard period } \\ \text { management every single }\end{array} \\ \text { one can be set by day/ }\end{array}\right\}$

## Tariff energy meters overall working scheme

NOTE: only in case of M F I6 R4 and M F I6 O6 modules.


Where t1 to t6 are the "Tariffs".

Where P1 and P2 are the "Standard Periods" and H1 ... H10 Holiday periods which are identified by a defined day (non working day), by a vacation period or by a season period.

Note: the displaying of every single energy tariff is relevant only to the period being used. Other periods are available through the communication port.

## Energy meters

| Meters |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total | 4 (8+2, 9+1, 10 digit) |
| Partial | 4 ( $8+2,9+1,10$ digit) |
| Pulse output | Connectable to total and/or partial meters |
| Energy meter recording | Storage of total and partial energy meters. <br> Energy meter storage format (EEPROM) Min. -9,999,999,999 kWh/ kvarh Max. 9,999,999,999 kWh/ kvarh. |

## Energy Meters

Total energy meters
Partial energy meters
$+k W h,+k v a r h,-k W h$, -kvarh
+kWh, +kvarh, -kWh, -kvarh

## Management of the digital inputs

NOTE: only in case of M F 16 R4 and M F 16 O6 modules.

| Function | Note | Digital inputs |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| Synch (dmd) | $(1)$ | YES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tariff change | $(2)$ | YES | YES | YES |  |  |  |
| Hot Water | $(3)$ |  |  |  | YES | YES | YES |
| Cold Water | $(3)$ |  |  |  | YES | YES | YES |
| Gas | $(3)$ |  |  |  | YES | YES | YES |
| Remote heating | $(3)$ |  |  |  | YES | YES | YES |
| Remote alarm reset | $(4)$ |  |  |  | YES |  |  |
| Trip counter of protection | $(5)$ |  |  |  | YES |  |  |
| Remote input channel status | $(6)$ | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| kWh counting (-) | $(7)$ |  |  | YES |  |  |  |
| kWh counting (+) | $(7)$ |  |  |  | YES |  |  |
| kvarh counting (+) | $(7)$ |  |  |  |  | YES |  |

Note: every single digital input can be configured according to the table above.
(1) At each status change of digital signal (from OFF to ON) the instrument synchronises the DMD calculation. It also synchronises the clock to the multiple of the integration time nearest to the current time.
(2) It is used to select by means of the logic of three inputs up to 6 different tariffs: $\mathrm{t} 1-\mathrm{t} 2-\mathrm{t} 3-\mathrm{t} 4-\mathrm{t} 5-\mathrm{t} 6$. Every time the tariff changes, it starts also the synchronisation of the "dmd" calculation.
(3) It is used to count the pulses coming from different Utility meters like: cold water, hot water, gas and remote heating.
(4) It is used to remotely reset the alarms (In case of latch alarm).
(5) It is used to count how many times an external protection device trips.
(6) This function is available only in case of serial communication. It allows to detect the status of the digital input. The status is displayed on the display as well.
(7) The energy is metered by means of pulses coming from a external energy meter. This meter can be provided with up to 3 outputs (for imported active and reactive energy and for exported active energy). Note: the pulses counted from the watt-hour meter replaces the standard measurement of energy and the relevant displaying (total, partial and tariff), all other measurements (eg: V-A-W-VA-var, THD and so on) are still performed and displayed.

## Harmonic distortion analysis

| Analysis principle | FFT |
| :--- | :--- |
| Harmonic measurement <br> Current | Up to the 32nd harmonic <br> Voltage |
| Uppe of harmonics | THD (VL1 and VL1-N) |
|  | THD odd (VL1 and VL1-N) |
|  | THD even (VL1 and VL1- |
|  | N) |
|  | TDD |
|  | The same for the other <br> phases: <br> L2, L3. |
|  | THD (AL1) |
|  | THD odd (AL1) |
|  | THD even (AL1) |
|  | The same for the other |
|  | phases: |
|  | L2, L3. |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| Harmonic phase angle | The instrument measures <br> the angle between the <br> single harmonic of " $V$ " and <br> the single harmonic of " $l$ " of <br> the same order. According <br> to the value of the electrical <br> angle, it is possible to know <br> if the distortion is absorbed <br> or generated. Note: if the <br> system has 3 wires without <br> neutral the angle cannot be <br> measured. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Harmonic details | The harmonic spectrum <br> so to built-up a graph is <br> available only by means of <br> the serial communication. |

## Event logging, data logging and load profiling

NOTE: only in case of M C 485232 M, M C ETH M, M C BAC IP M, M C BAC MS M, M C PB M and M C El M modules

| Event logging | Only with communication module provided with data memory. | Storage duration | Before overwriting, see "Historical data storing time table. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Data displaying | The data are available on the display limited to the last 99 events. All events can be both checked and downloaded using any available communication port in combination with UCS software. | Number of variables <br> Data format <br> Storage method FIFO <br> Memory type <br> Memory size <br> Memory retention time | See "Historical data storing time table". <br> Variable, date (dd:mm:yy) and time (hh:mm:ss) <br> Flash <br> 4 Mb <br> 10 years |
| Function enabling <br> Stored data type <br> Number of events | Activation: NO/YES <br> Alarms, max./min. <br> Max. 10,000 | Load profiling | Only with communication module provided with data memory. |
| Data reset <br> Data format | All events can be reset manually <br> Event, date (dd:mm:yy) and time (hh:mm:ss) | Data displaying | The data are not available on the display but they can be both checked and downloaded using any |
| Storage methodFIFO <br> Memory type <br> Memory retention time | Flash <br> 10 years |  | available communication port in combination with UCS software. |
| Data logging | Only with communication module provided with data memory. | Function enabling Storage interval | Activation: NO/YES <br> Selectable: 5-10-15-20-30- <br> 60 minutes of Wdmd and |
| Data displaying | The data are not available on the display but they can be both checked and downloaded using any available communication port in combination with UCS software. | Storage duration Data format | VAdmd. <br> Before overwriting, 100 weeks: with recording interval of $5 \mathrm{~min} ; 300$ weeks: with storing interval of 15 min . <br> Wdmd variable value, |
| Function enabling | Activation: NO/YES |  | minutes, day, month. |
| Stored data type | All variables. | Data synchronisation | Based on internal clock |
| Storage interval | Programmable from 1 min . to 60 min .; all instantaneous variables can be selected (max 19 variables) | Other characteristics | As per Event and Data logging. |
| Sampling management | The sample stored within the selected time interval results from the continuous average of the measured values. The average is calculated (min. sample) with an interval within two following measurements of approx. 100 ms . |  |  |

## Display, LED's and commands

| Display refresh time | $\leq 250 \mathrm{~ms}$ | Virtual alarms | tim |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Display | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \text { lines, 4-DGT, } 1 \text { lines, } \\ & 10-D G T \end{aligned}$ |  | 4 red LED available in case of virtual alarm (ALG1-AL |
| Type | LCD, dual colour backlight (selectable) |  | G2-AL G3-AL G4), every LED groups 4 alarms. |
| Digit dimensions | 4-DGT: h 11 mm ; 10-DGT: h 7 mm |  | Note: the real alarm is just the activation of the proper |
| Instantaneous variables read-out | 4-DGT |  | static or relay output if the |
| Energies variables read-out | Imported Total/Partial/ Tariff: 8+2DGT, 9+1DGT or 10DGT; Exported Total/ Partial/ Tariff: 8+2DGT, 9+1DGT or 10DGT (with "-" sign). | Energy consumption kWh pulsating | proper module is available. <br> Red LED (only kWh) <br> $0.001 \mathrm{kWh} / \mathrm{kvarh}$ by pulse if the Ct ratio by VT ratio is $\leq 7$ $0.01 \mathrm{kWh} / \mathrm{kvarh}$ by pulse if the Ct ratio by VT ratio is |
| Gas-water-remote heating read-out | 8+2DGT, 9+1DGT or 10DGT |  | $\geq 7.1 \leq 70.0$ <br> $0.1 \mathrm{kWh} / \mathrm{kvarh}$ by pulse if the Ct ratio by VT ratio is |
| Run Hours counter | 8+2 DGT (99.999.999 hours and 59 minutes max) |  | $\geq 70.1 \leq 700.0$ <br> $1 \mathrm{kWh} / \mathrm{kvarh}$ by pulse if |
| Overload status | EEEE indication when the value being measured is exceeding the "Continuous inputs overload" (maximum measurement capacity) |  | the Ct ratio by VT ratio is $\geq 700.1 \leq 7000$ <br> $10 \mathrm{kWh} / \mathrm{kvarh}$ by pulse if the Ct ratio by VT ratio is $\geq 7001 \leq 70.00 \mathrm{k}$ |
| Max. and Min. indication | Max. instantaneous variables: 9999; energies: 9999999 999. Min. instantaneous variables: 0.000 ; energies 0.00 |  | $100 \mathrm{kWh} /$ kvarh by pulse if the Ct ratio by VT ratio is $>70.01 \mathrm{k}$ <br> Max frequency: 16 Hz , according to EN 62052-11 |
| Front position LEDs Bar-graph | Three groups of 3-LED (green-red) split by phase L1-L2-L3 and level of measurement. The full scale ( $100 \%$ ) is referred to a programmable value which is corresponding to the variable being measured and displayed by the instrument at the | Back position LEDs On the base On the communication modules | Green as power-on Two LEDs: one for TX (green) and one for RX (amber). |
|  |  | Key-pad | For variable selection, programming of the instrument working parameters reset, "dmd", "max", total energy and partial energy and event. |

## Main functions

| Password |
| :--- |
| 1st level |
| 2nd level |
| System selection <br> System 3-Ph.n unbalanced load <br> System 3-Ph. unbalanced load |

Numeric code of max. 4 digits; 2 protection levels of the programming data:
Password "0", no protection;
Password from 1 to 9999, all data are protected

3 -phase (4-wire)
3 -phase (3-wire), three
currents and 3-phase
to phase voltage measurements, or in case of Aaron connection two currents (with special wiring on screw terminals)

System 3-Ph. 1 balanced load

System 3-Ph. 2 balanced load

System 2-Ph
System 1-Ph

[^0]Main functions (cont.)

| Transformer ratio |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| VT (PT) | 1.0 to 999.9 / 1000 to 9999. |
| CT | 1.0 to 999.9 / 1000 to 9999 (up to 10kA in case of CT with 1 A secondary current and up to 50 kA in case of CT with 5A secondary current). |
| Maximum CT ratio x VT ratio | $9999 \times 9999$ |
| Filter |  |
| Operating range | Selectable from 0 to $100 \%$ of the input display scale |
| Filtering coefficient | Selectable from 1 to 32 |
| Filter action | Measurements, analogue signal retransmission, serial communication (fundamental variables: $\mathrm{V}, \mathrm{A}, \mathrm{W}$ and their derived ones). |
| Displaying |  |
| Number of variables | Up to 5 variables per page. See "Front view". |
|  | Many different set of variables available (see |
|  | "Display pages") according to the application being |
|  | selected. One page is freely programmable as combination of variables. |
| Backlight | The backlight time is programmable from 0 (always on) to 255 minutes |
| Virtual alarms |  |
| Working condition | In case of basic unit or with the addition of M O R2, M O O2, M F I6 R4 or MF 1606. |
| No. of alarms | Up to 16 |
| Working mode | Up alarm and down alarm and windows alarm (IN/ OUT). |
| Controlled variables | The alarms can be connected to any instantaneous variable available in the table "List of the variables that can be connected to". |
| Set-point adjustment | From 0 to $100 \%$ of the display scale |
| Hysteresis | From 0 to 100\% |
| On-time delay | 0 to 255s |
| Min. response time | $\leq 200 \mathrm{~ms}$, filters excluded. Set-point on-time delay: " 0 s". |
| Alarm highlight | In case of alarm and if the relevant function is enabled, the display changes the colour from white backlight |


|  | to blue backlight or to <br> another available colour <br> combination (fore more <br> details see "Working mode <br> of the display in a normal/ |
| :--- | :--- |
| abnormal condition") |  |
| Reset | By means of the front key- |
| pad or the configuration |  |
| software. It is possible to |  |
| reset the following data: |  |
|  | - all the min, max, dmd, |
| and dmd-max values. |  |
|  | - total energies: kWh, |
|  | kvarh; |
|  | - partial energies and |
| tariffs: kWh, kvarh; |  |
|  | - gas, water and remote |
| heating; |  |
|  | - latch alarms; |
|  | - all the events; |
|  | - all the load profiling; |
| - all data logging |  |

## CARLO GAVAZZI

## General specifications

| Operating temperature | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-13^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $131^{\circ}$ F) (R.H. from 0 to $90 \%$ non-condensing @ $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) according to EN62053-21, EN62053-23 | Standard compliance Safety <br> Metrology | IEC60664, IEC61010-1 <br> EN60664, EN61010-1 <br> EN62052-11. <br> EN62053-22, EN62053-23. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Storage temperature | $\begin{aligned} & -30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-22^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right. \\ & \text { to } \left.158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)(\mathrm{R} . \mathrm{H} .<90 \% \\ & \text { non-condensing @ } \left.40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \text { according to EN62053-21, } \\ & \text { EN62053-23 } \end{aligned}$ | Pulse output | IEC62053-31 |
|  |  | Approvals | CE, cULus "Listed" (cULus: max. $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, all modules in all combinations) |
|  |  | Connections Cable cross-section area | Screw-type max. $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$. min./max. screws tightening torque: $0.4 \mathrm{Nm} / 0.8 \mathrm{Nm}$. Suggested screws tightening torque: 0.5 Nm |
| Installation category | Cat. III (IEC60664, EN60664) |  |  |
| Insulation (for 1 minute) | See "Insulation between inputs and outputs" table |  |  |
| Dielectric strength | 4 kVAC RMS for 1 minute |  |  |
| Noise rejection CMRR | $100 \mathrm{~dB}, 48$ to 62 Hz | Housing <br> Dimensions (WxHxD) |  |
| EMC <br> Immunity and emissions | According to EN62052-11 |  | Module holder: <br> $96 \times 96 \times 50 \mathrm{~mm}$. <br> "A" and "B" type modules: <br> $89.5 \times 63 \times 16 \mathrm{~mm}$. <br> "C" type module: <br> $89.5 \times 63 \times 20 \mathrm{~mm}$. |
|  |  | Max. depth behind the panel | With 3 modules $(A+B+C)$ : 81.7 mm |
|  |  | Material | Polycarbonate/ABS/Nylon PA66, self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0 |
|  |  | Mounting |  |
|  |  | Protection degree Front Screw terminals | IP65, NEMA4x, NEM12 IP20 |
|  |  | Weight | Approx. 420 g (packing included) |

## Power supply specifications

## Auxiliary power supply

H:100-240 +/-10\% (90 to 255) VDC/AC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) L: 24-48 +/-15\% (20 to 55) VDC/AC (50/60 Hz)

## AC: 20 VA ; <br> DC: 10 W

## Insulation between inputs and outputs

|  | Power <br> Supply | Measuring Input | Relay outputs (MOR2) | Relay outputs <br> (MFR4I6) | Static outputs (MOO2) | Static outputs (MFO616) | Serial communication | Ethernet port | Analogue output | Digital inputs | Neutral current input | 20 mA input | Temperature input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Supply | - | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4 kV | 4 kV | 4 kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4 kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV |
| Measuring Input | 4kV | - | 4 kV | 4 kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4 kV | 4 kV | 4 kV | 4 kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV |
| Relay outputs (MOR2) | 4kV | 4kV | 2kV | 4kV | - | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV |
| Relay outputs (MFR416) | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 2kV | 4kV | - | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV |
| Static outputs (MOO2) | 4kV | 4kV | - | 4kV | 2kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV |
| Static outputs (MFO6I6) | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | - | 4kV | OkV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV |
| Serial communication | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | - | - | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV |
| Ethernet port | 4kV | 4 kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | - | - | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4 kV | 4 kV |
| Analogue output | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4 kV * | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV |
| Digital inputs | 4kV | 4 kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | OkV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV |
| Neutral current input | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | - | OkV | OkV |
| 20 mA input | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | OkV | - | OkV |
| Temperature input | 4kV | 4kV | 4 kV | 4 kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4kV | 4 kV | 4kV | 4kV | OkV | OkV | - |

*: $\quad 4 \mathrm{kV}$ respect another module 4 kV , in the same module 0 kV .
OkV: not isolated.
-: combination not allowed.
NOTE: all the models have, mandatory, to be connected to external current transformers because the isolation among the current inputs is just functional (100VAC).

## List of the variables that can be connected to:

- Communication port (all listed variables)
- Analogue outputs (all variables with the only exclusion of "totalizers" and "run hour counter"
- Pulse outputs (only "energies")
- Alarm outputs ("totalizers", "hour counter" and "max" excluded)

| No. | Variable | 1-ph. sys <br> (1P) | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2-ph. } \\ \text { sys } \\ \text { (2P) } \end{gathered}$ | 3-ph. 3-wire balanced sys (3P.1) | 3-ph. 2-wire balanced sys (3P.2) | 3-ph. 3-wire unbal. sys (3P) | 3-ph. 4-wire unbal. sys (3P.n) | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | VL-N sys | 0 | X | X | X | \# | X | sys= system= $\sum(1)(2)(3)$ |
| 2 | VL1 | X | X | X | X | \# | X | (1)(2)(3) |
| 3 | VL2 | 0 | X | H | H | \# | X | (1)(2)(3), (H)=VL1 |
| 4 | VL3 | 0 | 0 | H | H | \# | X | (1)(2)(3), (H)=VL1 |
| 5 | VL-L sys | \# | \# | X | X | X | X | sys= system $=\sum(1)$ |
| 6 | VL1-2 | \# | X | X | P | X | X | (1)(2)(3), (P)=VL1*1.73 |
| 7 | VL2-3 | \# | 0 | X | P | X | X | (1)(2)(3), (P)=VL1*1.73 |
| 8 | VL3-1 | \# | 0 | X | P | X | X | (1)(2)(3), (P)=VL1*1.73 |
| 9 | Asys | 0 | X | 0 | 0 | X | X |  |
| 10 | An | \# | X | 0 | 0 | 0 | X |  |
| 11 | AL1 | X | X | X | X | X | X | (1)(2)(3) |
| 12 | AL2 | 0 | X | R | R | X | X | (1)(2)(3), (R)=AL1 |
| 13 | AL3 | 0 | 0 | R | R | X | X | (1)(2)(3), (R)=AL1 |
| 14 | VA sys | 0 | X | X | X | X | X | sys= system $=\sum(1)(2)(3)$ |
| 15 | VA L1 | X | X | X | X | 0 | X | (1)(2)(3) |
| 16 | VA L2 | 0 | X | U | U | 0 | X | (1)(2)(3) U=VAL1 |
| 17 | VA L3 | 0 | 0 | U | U | 0 | X | (1)(2)(3) U=VAL1 |
| 18 | var sys | X | X | X | X | X | X | sys= system $=\sum(1)(2)(3)$ |
| 19 | var L1 | X | X | X | X | 0 | X | (1)(2)(3) |
| 20 | var L2 | 0 | X | V | V | 0 | X | (1)(2)(3) V=VARL1 |
| 21 | var L3 | 0 | 0 | V | V | 0 | X | (1)(2)(3) V=VARL1 |
| 22 | W sys | 0 | X | X | X | X | X | sys= system $=\sum(1)(2)(3)$ |
| 23 | WL1 | X | X | X | X | 0 | X | (1)(2)(3) |
| 24 | WL2 | 0 | X | S | S | 0 | X | (1)(2)(3), (S) = WL1 |
| 25 | WL3 | 0 | 0 | S | S | 0 | X | (1)(2)(3), (S) = WL1 |
| 26 | PF sys | 0 | X | X | X | X | X | sys= system $=\sum(1)$ |
| 27 | PF L1 | X | X | X | X | 0 | X | (1)(2)(3) |
| 28 | PF L2 | 0 | X | T | T | 0 | X | (1)(2)(3), (T)=PFL1 |
| 29 | PF L3 | 0 | 0 | T | T | 0 | X | (1)(2)(3), ( T )=PFL1 |
| 30 | Hz | X | X | X | X | X | X | (1)(2)(3) |
| 31 | Phase seq. | 0 | 0 | X | 0 | X | X |  |

$(\mathrm{X})=$ available; $(\mathrm{O})=$ not available; (\#) Not available (the relevant page is not displayed)
(1) Min. and Max. value with data storage; (2) "dmd" calculation and data storage; (3) "dmd-max" calculation and data storage; (5) On 4 quadrants (ind/cap); (6) C1, C2 and C3 may be set as either cold water, hot water, remote heating or gas depending on the input configuration.

## List of the variables that can be connected to (cont.):

- Communication port (all listed variables)
- Analogue outputs (all variables with the only exclusion of "energies" and "run hour counter"
- Pulse outputs (only "energies")
- Alarm outputs ("energies", "hour counter" and "max" excluded)

| No. | Variable | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1-ph. } \\ \text { sys } \\ \text { (1P) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2-ph. } \\ \text { sys } \\ \text { (2P) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 3-ph. 3-wire balanced sys (3P.1) | 3-ph. 2-wire balanced sys (3P.2) | 3-ph. 3-wire unbal. sys (3P) | 3-ph. 4-wire unbal. sys (3P.n) | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 32 | Asy VLL | 0 | 0 | X | 0 | X | X | Asymmetry |
| 33 | Asy VLN | 0 | X | 0 | 0 | 0 | X | Asymmetry |
| 34 | Run Hours | X | X | X | X | X | X |  |
| 35 | kWh (+) | X | X | X | X | X | X | Total |
| 36 | kvarh (+) | X | X | X | X | X | X | Total (5) |
| 37 | kWh (+) | X | X | X | X | X | X | Partial or by tariff |
| 38 | kvarh (+) | X | X | X | X | X | X | Partial or by tariff (5) |
| 39 | kWh (-) | X | X | X | X | X | X | Total |
| 40 | kvarh (-) | X | X | X | X | X | X | Total (5) |
| 41 | kWh (-) | X | X | X | X | X | X | Partial |
| 42 | kvarh (-) | X | X | X | X | X | X | Partial (5) |
| 43 | C1 (input 4) | X | X | X | X | X | X | Total (6) |
| 44 | C2 (input 5) | X | X | X | X | X | X | Total (6) |
| 45 | C3 (input 6) | X | X | X | X | X | X | Total (6) |
| 46 | Trip counter | X | X | X | X | X | X | Total |
| 47 | kWh Water | X | X | X | X | X | X | Total |
| 48 | A L1 THD | X | X | X | X | X | X | (2) (3) (4) |
| 49 | A L2 THD | 0 | X | F | F | X | X | (2)(3)(4), (F)=AL1THD |
| 50 | A L3 THD | 0 | 0 | F | F | X | X | (2)(3)(4), (F)=AL1THD |
| 51 | V L1 THD | X | X | X | X | 0 | X | (2)(3)(4) |
| 52 | V L2 THD | 0 | X | X | G | 0 | X | (2)(3)(4), (G) =VL1THD |
| 53 | V L3 THD | 0 | 0 | X | G | 0 | X | (2)(3)(4), (G)=VL1THD |
| 54 | V L1-2 THD | \# | X | X | \# | X | X | (2) (3) (4) |
| 55 | V L2-3 THD | \# | 0 | X | \# | X | X | (2) (3) (4) |
| 56 | V L3-1 THD | \# | 0 | X | \# | X | X | (2) (3) (4) |
| 57 | A L1 TDD | X | X | X | X | X | X | (2) (3) (4) |
| 58 | A L2 TDD | 0 | X | X | X | X | X | (2) (3) (4) |
| 59 | A L3 TDD | X | X | X | X | X | X | (2) (3) (4) |
| 60 | K-Factor | 0 | 0 | X | X | X | X | (2) (3) (4) |

$(X)=$ available; $(O)=$ not available; (\#) Not available (the relevant page is not displayed); (2) "dmd" calculation and data storage; (3) "dmd-max"calculation and data storage; (4) Odd and Even THD's;

## List of selectable applications

|  | Description | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | Cost allocation | Imported energy metering (Easy connection) |
| B | Cost control | Imported and partial energy metering and utilities (Easy <br> connection) |
| C | Complex cost allocation | Imported/exported energy (total, partial and tariff) and <br> utilities |
| D | Solar | Imported and exported energy metering with some basic <br> power analyzer function |
| E | Complex cost and power analysis | Imported/exported energy (total and partial) and power <br> analysis (Easy connection) |
| F | Cost and power quality analysis | Imported energy and power quality analysis |
| G | Advanced energy and power analysis for power generation | Complete energy metering and power quality analysis |

## Display pages

|  | Line 1 Variable Type |  | Line 3Variable Type | Line 4 Variable Type | Line 5 Variable Type | Note | Applications |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Variable Type |  |  |  |  | A | C | D | E F | F |
| 0 | Total kWh (+) |  |  |  |  |  | x | $\times$ | $\mathrm{x} \times$ | $\times \mathrm{x}$ | $\times$ |
| 1 | Total kvarh (+) |  |  |  |  |  | x | - |  |  | $\times \mathrm{x}$ |
| 2 | Total kWh (-) |  |  |  |  |  |  | x | x x | x | x |
| 3 | Total kvarh (-) |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 4 | kWh (+) partial |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\times \mathrm{x}$ |  | x $\times$ | $\times \mathrm{x}$ |
| 5 | kvarh (+) part. |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\times \mathrm{x}$ |  | $\times \mathrm{x}$ | $\times \mathrm{x}$ |
| 6 | kWh (-) partial |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 7 | kvarh (-) part. |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 8 | Run Hours (99999999.99) |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\times$ | $\mathrm{x} \times$ | x | $\times \mathrm{x}$ |
| 9 | kWh (+) t1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | $\times$ | x |
| 10 | kvarh (+) t1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 11 | kWh (-) t1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 12 | kvarh (-) t1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 13 | kWh (+) t2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | x | x |
| 14 | kvarh (+) t2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | - | x |
| 15 | kWh (-) t2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\times$ |  | x | x |
| 16 | kvarh (-) t2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 17 | kWh (+) t3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\times$ |  | x | x |
| 18 | kvarh (+) t3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 19 | kWh (-) t3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 20 | kvarh (-) t3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | $\times$ | x |
| 21 | kWh (+) t4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 22 | kvarh (+) t4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 23 | kWh (-) t4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 24 | kvarh (-) t4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 25 | kWh (+) t5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | - | x |
| 26 | kvarh (+) t5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 27 | kWh (-) t5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 28 | kvarh (-) t5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 29 | kWh (+) t6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | - | x |
| 30 | kvarh (+) t6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 31 | kWh (-) t6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x | x |
| 32 | kvarh (-) t6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\times$ |  | x | x |
| 33 | C1 |  |  |  |  | (5) |  | $\times \mathrm{x}$ |  | x | x |
| 34 | C2 |  |  |  |  | (5) |  | $\times$ |  | x | x |
| 35 | C3 |  |  |  |  | (5) |  | $\times \mathrm{x}$ |  | x | x |
| 36 |  | VLN $\Sigma$ | VL1 | VL2 | VL3 | (1) (2) (3) |  |  | $\times \times$ | x x | $\times \mathrm{x}$ |
| 37 |  | VLL $\Sigma$ | VL1-2 | VL2-3 | VL3-1 | (1) (2) (3) |  |  | $\times \times$ | x $\times$ | + $\times$ |
| 38 |  | An | AL1 | AL2 | AL3 | (1) (2) (3) |  |  | x | $\times$ | x x |
| 39 |  | Hz | "ASY" | VLL sys (\% asy) | VLN sys (\% asy) | (1) (2) (3) |  |  | $\times \times$ | x $\times$ | x $\times$ |
| 40 |  | A $\Sigma$ | AL1 | AL2 | AL3 | (1) (2) (3) |  |  | $\times \times$ | x $x$ | x x |
| 41 |  | W $\Sigma$ | WL1 | WL2 | WL3 | (1) (2) (3) |  |  | $\times \times$ | x $\times$ | x $\times$ |
| 42 |  | var $\sum$ | var L1 | var L2 | var L3 | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  | $\times$ | x $\times$ |
| 43 |  | PF $\Sigma$ | PF L1 | PF L2 | PF L3 | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  |  | x $\times$ ¢ |
| 44 |  | VA $\Sigma$ | VAL1 | VAL2 | VAL3 | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  | $\mathrm{x} \times$ | x x |
| 45 |  |  |  | Process sig. | Temperature | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  |  | x x |
| 46 |  |  | THD V1 | THD V2 | THD V3 | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  |  | ¢ $\times$ |
| 47 |  |  | THD V12 | THD V23 | THD V31 | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  |  | + $\times$ |
| 48 |  |  | THD A1 | THD A2 | THD A3 | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  |  | - $\times$ |
| 49 |  |  | THD V1 odd | THD V2 odd | THD V3 odd | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  | ${ }^{x}$ | + $\times$ |
| 50 |  |  | THD V12 odd | THD V23 odd | THD V31 odd | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  | $\times$ | - $\times$ |
| 51 |  |  | THD A1 odd | THD A2 odd | THD A3 odd | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  |  | $\times \mathrm{x}$ |
| 52 |  |  | THD V1 even | THD V2 even | THD V3 even | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  |  | - $\times$ |
| 53 |  |  | THD V12 even | THD V23 even | THD V31 even | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  | x ${ }^{\text {x }}$ | x |
| 54 |  |  | THD A1 even | THD A2 even | THD A3 even | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  | $\times$ | x ${ }^{\text {x }}$ |
| 55 |  |  | TDD A1 | TDD A2 | TDD A3 | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  | x | $\times$ |
| 56 |  |  | k-FACT L1 | k-FACT L2 | k-FACT L3 | (1) (2) (3) |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: the table refers to system 3P.n.
(1) Also Minimum value (no EEPROM storage). (2) Also Maximum value (no EEPROM storage). (3) Also Average (dmd) value (no EEPROM storage). (5) C1, C2 and C3 may be set as either cold water, hot water, remote heating or gas depending on the
digital inputs configuration.

## Additional available information on the display

| No. | 8 <br> Line 1 | Line 2 | Line 3 | Line 4 | Line 5 | Applications |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
| 1 | Lot $n .($ text) xxxx | Yr. (text) xx | rEL | X.xx | 1... 60 (min) "dmd" | X | X | X | X | X | X | x |
| 2 | Conn. xxx.x (3ph.n/3ph/3ph.1/ $3 p h .2 / 1 \mathrm{ph} / 2 \mathrm{ph}$ ) | CT.rA (text) | 1.0 ... 99.99k | PT.rA (text) | 1.0... 9999 | x | x | X | X | X | x | x |
| 3 | LED PULSE (text) kWh | xxxx kWh per pulse |  |  |  | X | X | X | X | X | X | x |
| 4 | PULSE out1 (text) kWh/kvarh | xxxx kWh/kvarh per pulse | $\begin{aligned} & +/- \text { tot/PAr/ } \\ & \text { tAr 1-2-3-4 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | x | x | X | X | X | X | x |
| 5 | PULSE out2 (text) kWh/kvarh | xxxx kWh/kvarh per pulse | +/- tot/PAr/ <br> tAr 1-2-3-4 |  |  | X | x | X | x | X | X | x |
| 6 | PULSE out3 (text) kWh/kvarh | xxxx kWh/kvarh per pulse | +/- tot/PAr/ <br> tAr 1-2-3-4 |  |  | X | x | X | X | X | X | x |
| 7 | PULSE out4 (text) kWh/kvarh | xxxx kWh/kvarh per pulse | $\begin{aligned} & \text { +/- tot/PAr/ } \\ & \text { tAr 1-2-3-4 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | X | x | X | x | X | x | x |
| 8 | PULSE out5 (text) kWh/kvarh | xxxx kWh/kvarh per pulse | +/- tot/PAr/ tAr 1-2-3-4 |  |  | X | x | X | X | x | x | x |
| 9 | PULSE out6 (text) kWh/kvarh | xxxx kWh/kvarh per pulse | +/- tot/PAr/ <br> tAr 1-2-3-4 |  |  | X | x | X | x | X | x | x |
| 10 | PULSE out7 (text) kWh/kvarh | xxxx kWh/kvarh per pulse | +/- tot/PAr/ <br> tAr 1-2-3-4 |  |  | x | x | x | X | X | X | x |
| 11 | PULSE out8 (text) kWh/kvarh | xxxx kWh/kvarh per pulse | $\begin{aligned} & \text { +/- tot/PAr/ } \\ & \text { tAr 1-2-3-4 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | X | x | x | x | X | X | x |
| 12 | Remote out. | Out 1 (text) | on/oFF | Out 2 (text) | on/oFF | X | x | x | x | X | x | x |
| 13 | Remote out. | Out 3 (text) | on/oFF | Out 4 (text) | on/oFF | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |
| 14 | Remote out. | Out 5 (text) | on/oFF | Out 6 (text) | on/oFF | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |
| 15 | Remote out. | Out 7 (text) | on/oFF | Out 8 (text) | on/oFF | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |
| 16 | AL1 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | X | X |
| 17 | AL2 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | x | X | X | x |
| 18 | AL3 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | x | x |
| 19 | AL4 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | X | x |
| 20 | AL5 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | X | X |
| 21 | AL6 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | X | x |
| 22 | AL7 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | X | X |
| 23 | AL8 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | X | x |
| 24 | AL9 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | X | X |
| 25 | AL10 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | X | x |
| 26 | AL11 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | X | x |
| 27 | AL12 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | X | X |
| 28 | AL13 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | X | X |
| 29 | AL14 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | X | X |
| 30 | AL15 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | X | x |
| 31 | AL16 OUTx NE/ND | Variable link L 1/2/3 | Set1 | Set2 | (Measurement) |  |  |  | X | X | X | X |
| 32 | Analogue 1 | $\mathrm{Hi}: \mathrm{E}$ | 0.0 ... 9999 | Hi.A | 0.0 ... 100.0\% |  |  |  | X | X | X | X |
| 33 | Analogue 2 | Hi:E | $0.0 \ldots 9999$ | Hi.A | 0.0 ... 100.0\% |  |  |  | X | X | X | x |
| 34 | Analogue 3 | Hi:E | $0.0 \ldots 9999$ | Hi.A | 0.0 ... 100.0\% |  |  |  | X | X | X | x |
| 35 | Analogue 4 | Hi:E | $0.0 \ldots 9999$ | Hi.A | 0.0 ... 100.0\% |  |  |  | X | X | X | X |
| 36 | Optical | bdr (text) | $\begin{gathered} \hline 9.6 / 19.2 / \\ 38.4 / 115.2 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | X | x | X | X | X | X | x |
| 37 | COM port | Add (text) | xxx (address) | bdr (text) | $\begin{gathered} \hline 9.6 / 19.2 / \\ 38.4 / 115.2 \end{gathered}$ | X | x | X | X | X | X | x |
| 38 | IP address | XXX | XXX | XXX | XXX | X | x | X | X | X | X | x |
| 39 | xx.xx.xx xx:xx | Date | Time |  |  | X | x | X | X | X | X | X |
| 40 | Event page Date Time |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X | X | X | X |

## CARLO GAVAZZI

## Back protection rotary switch

|  | Function | Rotary switch position | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unlock | 1 | All programming parameters are freely modifiable by means of the front key-pad and by means of the communication port. |
| $\left\|\begin{array}{ll} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{array}\right\|$ | Lock | 7 | The key-pad, as far as programming is concerned and the data through the serial communication cannot be changed (no writing into meter allowed). Data reading is allowed. |

## Accuracy (According to EN62053-22 and EN62053-23)

kWh, accuracy (RDG) depending on the current

kvarh, accuracy (RDG) depending on the current

—Class 2 accuracy limits (Reactive energy) Start-up current: 5mA (AV5-AV6), 1mA (AV4-AV7)

## Used calculation formulas

## Phase variables

Instantaneous effective voltage
$V_{1 N}=\sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{1}^{n}\left(V_{1 N}\right)_{i}^{2}}$
Instantaneous active power
$W_{1}=\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{1}^{n}\left(V_{1 N}\right)_{i} \cdot\left(A_{1}\right)_{i}$
Instantaneous power factor
$\cos \varphi_{1}=\frac{W_{1}}{V A_{1}}$
Instantaneous effective current
$A_{1}=\sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{1}^{n}\left(A_{1}\right)_{i}^{2}}$
Instantaneous apparent power
$V A_{1}=V_{1 N} \cdot A_{1}$
Instantaneous reactive power
$\operatorname{var}_{1}=\sqrt{\left(V A_{1}\right)^{2}-\left(W_{1}\right)^{2}}$

## System variables

Equivalent three-phase voltage

$$
V_{\Sigma}=\frac{V_{1}+V_{2}+V_{3}}{3} \cdot \sqrt{3}
$$

Voltage asymmetry
$A S Y_{L L}=\frac{\left(V_{L L \text { max }}-V_{L L \text { min }}\right)}{V_{L L} \Sigma}$
$A S Y_{L N}=\frac{\left(V_{L N \text { max }}-V_{L N \text { min }}\right)}{V_{L N} \Sigma}$
Three-phase reactive power
$\operatorname{var}_{\Sigma}=\left(\right.$ var $\left._{1}+\operatorname{var}_{2}+\operatorname{var}_{3}\right)$
Three-phase active power

$$
W_{\Sigma}=W_{1}+W_{2}+W_{3}
$$

Three-phase apparent power
$V A_{\Sigma}=\sqrt{W_{\Sigma}^{2}+\operatorname{var}_{\Sigma}^{2}}$
Total harmonic distortion
$T H D_{N}=100 \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{n=2}^{N}\left|X_{n}\right|^{2}}}{\left|X_{1}\right|}$

Three-phase power factor
$\cos \varphi_{\Sigma}=\frac{W_{\Sigma}}{V A_{\Sigma}}$

## Energy metering

$k \operatorname{var} h i=\int_{t 1}^{t 2} Q i(t) d t \cong \Delta t \sum_{n 1}^{n 2} Q n j$
$k W h i=\int_{t 1}^{12} P i(t) d t \cong \Delta t \sum_{n 1}^{n 2} P n j$
Where:
$\mathrm{i}=$ considered phase (L1, L2 or L3)
$\mathbf{P}=$ active power; $\mathbf{Q}=$ reactive power; $\mathbf{t}_{1}, \mathbf{t}_{2}=$ starting and ending time points of consumption recording; $\mathbf{n =}$ time unit; $\Delta t=$ time interval between two successive power consumption;
$\mathbf{n}_{1}, \mathbf{n}_{2}=$ starting and ending discrete time points of consumption recording

## UCS parameter progr. and var. reading software

UCS software

Working mode

Multi-language software (Italian, English, French, German, Spanish, Danish, Czech, Chinese) for variable reading and parameters programming (both online and offline). The program runs under Windows 7 and following versions. Four different working modes can be selected:

|  | - management of local |
| :--- | :--- |
| RS232 (MODBUS); |  |
| - management of local opti- |  |
| cal port (MODBUS); |  |
| - management of a local |  |
|  | RS485 network (MODBUS); <br>  <br> - managed via TCP port. <br> In pre-formatted CSV or <br> Excel files). <br> Data Storing <br> Danual. |

- management of local optical port (MODBUS);
- management of a local RS485 network (MODBUS); - managed via TCP port. In pre-formatted CSV or Excel files).
Manual.


## Alarm parameters and logic

| $00$ | Each symbol includes all the settings described in the "alarm" paragraph and listed on the right: | - Enable. <br> - Variable <br> - Type <br> - Latch <br> - Disable <br> - Set 1 | - Set 2 <br> - OUT <br> - Delay on. Delay off. <br> - Function (and/or) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

A, B, C... up to 16 locks to control parameters.


UP alarm
SET1 > SET2


DOWN alarm
SET2 > SET1


In-window alarm
Alarm is on when the value is between SET 1 and SET 2


Ext. window alarm with disa-
bling at power on
Alarm is on when value exceeds SET 1 or goes below SET 2

## Example of AND/OR logic alarm:



## Historical data storing time table

| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Time } \\ \text { interval } \\ \text { (minutes) } \end{array}$ | 4 selected variables |  |  | 8 selected variables |  |  | 12 selected variables |  |  | 19 selected variables |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Data storing time |  |  | Data storing time |  |  | Data storing time |  |  | Data storing time |  |  |
|  | Days | Week | Year | Days | Week | Year | Days | Week | Year | Days | Week | Year |
| 1 | 32 | 5 | - | 19 | 3 | - | 15 | 2 | - | 8 | 1 | - |
| 5 | 161 | 23 | - | 97 | 14 | - | 73 | 10 | - | 40 | 6 | - |
| 10 | 323 | 46 | - | 194 | 28 | - | 145 | 21 | - | 81 | 12 | - |
| 15 | 484 | 69 | 1.3 | 291 | 42 | - | 218 | 31 | - | 121 | 17 | - |
| 20 | 646 | 92 | 1.8 | 388 | 55 | 1.1 | 291 | 42 | - | 161 | 23 | - |
| 30 | 969 | 138 | 2.7 | 581 | 83 | 1.6 | 436 | 62 | 1.2 | 242 | 35 | - |
| 45 | 1453 | 208 | 4 | 872 | 125 | 2.4 | 654 | 93 | 1.8 | 363 | 52 | 1 |
| 60 | 1938 | 277 | 5.3 | 1163 | 166 | 3.2 | 872 | 125 | 2.4 | 484 | 69 | 1.3 |

## The working of data logging



## Wiring diagrams



System type selection: 3-Ph.n


System type selection: 3-Ph. 2


3-ph, 2-wire, balanced load Fig. 2


1-CT and 1-VT/PT connections

System type selection: 3-Ph


## System type selection: 3-Ph (cont.)



3-ph, 3-wire, unbalanced load Fig. 8

## Wiring diagrams

System type selection: 3-Ph. 1
3-ph, 3-wire, balanced load Fig. 9

## System type selection: 2-Ph (cont.)



## System type selection: 2-Ph




System type selection: 1-Ph



Power Supply
90 to 260VAC/DC (H option) Fig. 15 Fig. 16 to 60VAC/DC (L option) $\quad$ F

## Static, relay, analogue out. and digital in. wiring diagrams



## Temperature, process signal and true In wiring diagrams



## RS485 and RS232 wiring diagrams



NOTE. RS485: additional devices provided with RS485 are connected in parallel. The termination of the serial output is carried out only on the last instrument of the network, by means of a jumper between ( $B+$ ) and ( $T$ ). The $A$ communication RS232 and RS485 ports can't be connected and used simultaneously.

## RS485 wiring diagram of Bacnet module



NOTE. RS485: additional devices provided with RS485 are connected in parallel. The termination of the serial output is carried out only on the last instrument of the network, by means of a jumper between $(B+)$ and $(T)$.

## Ethernet and BACnet-IP connections



Connection to Ethernet or BACnet modules using the RJ45 connector.

## Profibus module connections



Connection to the Profibus module using USB micro type B (Modbus RTU) and RS485 DB9 (Profibus DP-V0).

## Front panel description



1. Key-pad

To program the configuration parameters and scroll the variables on the display.
2. Display

LCD-type with alphanumeric indications to:

- display configuration parameters;
- display all the measured variables.

3. kWh LED

Red LED blinking proportional to the energy being measured.
4. Alarm LED's

Red LED's light-on when virtual alarms are activated.
5. Multiple bar-graph

To show at a glance the status of the single phases L1-L2-L3.
6. Main bar-graph

To display the power consumption versus the
installed power.
7. Optical communication port

To program the working parameters, to read the measurements and to download the stored data.

## Dimensions and Panel cut-out




[^0]:    and 3-phase to phase voltage measurements. 3 -phase (3-wire), one current and 3 -phase to phase voltage measurements 3 -phase (4-wire), one current and 3-phase to neutral voltage measurements. 3 -phase (2-wire), one current and 1-phase (L1) to neutral voltage measurement.
    2-phase (3-wire)
    1-phase (2-wire)

